

This report provides key demographic and economic data for Illinois Congressional District 9. It is made available by the Chicago Cook Workforce Partnership.¹

At A Glance

- The Congressional District's current **population** of 1,013,851 is expected to increase by 18,627 over the next ten years.
- By 2017, this Congressional District is projected to create 32,344 **new jobs** with positions in personal care and service occupations and healthcare support occupations representing the largest numbers of new jobs.
- The Congressional District's **largest industry sector** of employment is healthcare and social assistance followed by the retail trade industry.

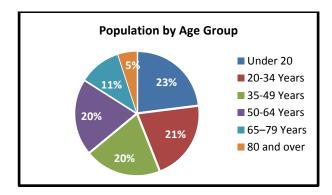
Population

• The Congressional District's current population of 1,013,851 is expected to increase at a slower rate than the State over the next ten years.

Projected Population Growth							
			2012 -			2012 -	
			2017	%		2022	%
	2012	2017	Change	Change	2022	Change	Change
Congressional District 9	1,013,851	1,022,593	8,742	0.9%	1,032,478	18,627	1.8%
Illinois	12,945,165	13,152,478	207,313	1.6%	13,274,295	329,130	2.5%

EMSI Complete Employment – 2012, 3rd quarter

• The distribution of the Congressional District's population for ages 20 to 64 years is similar to the State's population, however the proportion of those under 20 is smaller and ages 65 and over is larger than representation of these age groups in the State's population.



2012 Population by Age Group					
		% of		% of	
Age Group	District	District	State	State	
Under 20	229,297	23%	3,465,611	27%	
20-34 Years	215,810	21%	2,694,879	21%	
35-49 Years	206,114	20%	2,592,123	20%	
50-64 Years	204,040	20%	2,505,057	19%	
65-79 Years	106,599	11%	1,208,477	9%	
80 and over	51,991	5%	479,018	4%	
Total	1,013,851	100%	12.945,165	100%	

EMSI Complete Employment – 2012, 3rd quarter

January 2013 1

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¹ Data in this report has been compiled at the zip code level. In an effort not to skew district data, zip code areas representing less than 10,000 acres in the Congressional District have been excluded from the district's data. Exceptions include data for zip codes 60604, 60602, and 60301 which were included in Congressional District 7 and zip code 60537 which was included in both Congressional District 14 and 16 data.



Industry Sector Employment

Between 2007 and 2012

- The Congressional District lost 15,835 jobs during the past 5 years while the State lost 106,433 jobs overall.
- The industry sectors gaining the most jobs over the past 5 years were healthcare and social assistance (10,304) and educational services (3,520).
- Industry sectors with the largest job loss between 2007 and 2012 were construction (-12,017) and manufacturing (-7,842).

Jobs						
Year	District	5 Year Net Change	District % Change	State % Change		
2007	653,227					
2012	637,392	(-15,835)	-2.4%	-1.4%		
2017	669,736	32,344	5.1%	5.3%		

EMSI Complete Employment – 2012, 3rd quarter

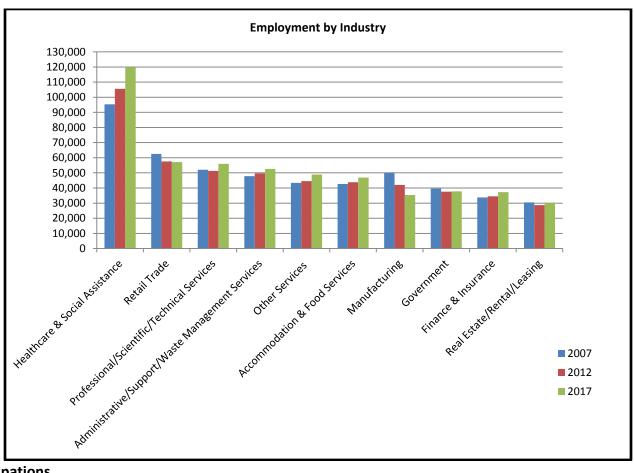
Looking Forward to 2017

- Over the next five years the 9th Congressional District is expected to gain 32,344 jobs with jobs projected to grow at a similar rate as the State. The healthcare and social assistance sector is projected to add the largest number of jobs (14,231) followed by professional, scientific, and technical services (4,644). Manufacturing is expected to have the greatest job loss (-6,720).
- Healthcare and social assistance is currently the largest industry sector, with 105,606 jobs and average earnings per worker,
 with benefits, of \$48,335. It is projected that healthcare and social assistance will continue to be the largest industry sector of
 employment through 2017.
- In Congressional District 9, the average earnings per worker, including benefits, is \$54,590, which is slightly higher than the State average of \$53,157.

Employment by Top Industries				
Industry	2007	2012	2017	2007 – 2017 Change
Health care and Social Assistance	95,302	105,606	119,837	24,535
Retail Trade	62,487	57,533	57,155	(-5,332)
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	52,043	51,286	55,930	3,887
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	47,819	49,651	52,578	4,759
Other Services (except Public Administration)	43,412	44,568	48,926	5,514
Accommodation and Food Services	42,595	43,807	46,859	4,264
Manufacturing	49,895	42,053	35,333	(-14,562)
Government	39,560	37,600	37,819	(-1,741)
Finance and Insurance	33,770	34,521	37,275	3,505
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	30,512	28,671	30,327	(185)

EMSI Complete Employment – 2012, 3rd quarter





Occupations

Between 2007 and 2012

- Over the past 5 years, personal care and service occupations grew the most adding 5,963 jobs at a rate of 18%. The second largest growth was in healthcare support occupations which added 4,139 jobs at a rate of 19%.
- Office and administrative support occupations (-8,719) lost the most jobs during the 5 year period followed by construction and extraction occupations (-8,415) and production occupations (-4,983).
- The largest occupational group in the 9h Congressional District is sales and related occupations with 83,483 jobs followed by office and administrative support occupations with 82,862 jobs.

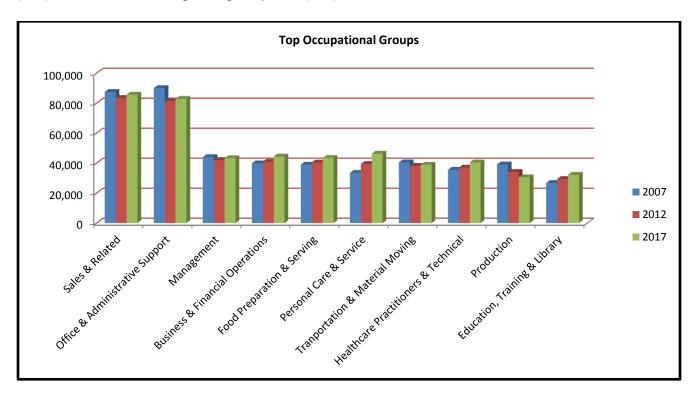
Largest Occupational Groups				
Occupational Group	2007	2012	2017	2007-2017 Change
Sales and Related Occupations	87,436	83,483	85,659	(1,777)
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	90,049	81,330	82,862	(7,187)
Management Occupations	44,023	42,049	43,271	(752)
Business and Financial Operations Occupations	39,872	40,903	44,390	4,518
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	38,991	40,383	43,440	4,449
Personal Care and Service Occupations	33,466	39,429	46,291	12,825
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	40,524	38,151	38,901	(1,623)
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	35,565	37,000	40,438	4,873
Production Occupations	39,101	34,118	30,554	(8,547)
Education, Training, and Library Occupations	26,755	29,383	32,207	5,452

EMSI Complete Employment - 2012, 3rd quarter



Looking Forward to 2017

- Over the next 5 years, personal care and service occupations are expected to have the largest job growth, adding 6,862 jobs. Healthcare support occupations are expected to have the second largest gain with 4,296 additional jobs.
- Legal occupations earn the highest average hourly wage of \$53.92 followed by management occupations averaging \$42.24 per hour.
- The highest proportional growth is projected for healthcare support occupations with a 17% increase.
- The largest job loss is expected in production occupations (-3,564) followed by construction and extraction occupations (-603) and architecture and engineering occupations (-122).



Occupations Poised for Growth in 2017

Retail salespersons and janitors and cleaners are the two largest occupations in the Congressional District.

Largest Occupations				
Occupation	2012	Average Hourly Wage		
Retail Salespersons	16,475	\$12.24		
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	14,149	\$13.28		
Cashiers	12,265	\$10.13		
Office Clerks, General	12,212	\$15.68		
Registered Nurses	12,000	\$34.30		
Real Estate Sales Agents	11,922	\$19.57		
Home Health Aides	9,985	\$10.30		
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	9,782	\$9.71		
Childcare Workers	9,758	\$8.25		
Customer Service Representatives	9,357	\$18.49		

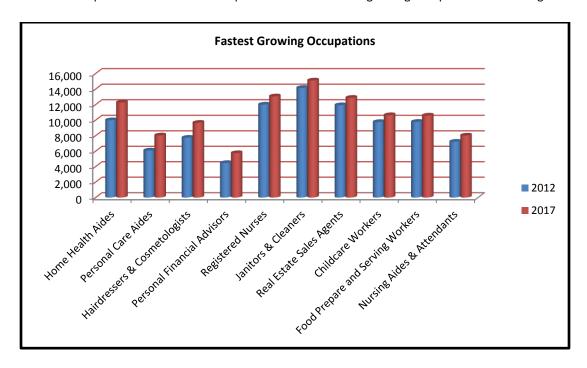
EMSI Complete Employment – 2012, 3rd quarter



• In the top ten largest occupations, registered nurses have the highest average hourly wage of \$34.30 followed by real estate agents at \$19.57 per hour.



Home health aides and personal care aides are expected to be the fastest growing occupations in the Congressional District.





Occupations Requiring Educational Attainment

- In the 9th Congressional District, the largest occupation requiring a postsecondary vocational award or higher is registered nurses.
- Five of the largest occupations requiring an educational attainment beyond high school completion are also among the fastest growing occupations: registered nurses; real estate agents; hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists; nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants; and personal financial advisors.

Largest Occupations Requiring an Education Attainment Level					
Occupations	2012 Jobs	Educational Attainment Level			
Registered Nurses	12,000	Associate's degree			
Real Estate Sales Agents	11,922	Postsecondary non-degree award			
Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	7,733	Postsecondary non-degree award			
General and Operations Managers	7,303	Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work experience			
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	7,219	Postsecondary non-degree award			
Accountants and Auditors	5,931	Bachelor's degree			
Management Analysts	5,428	Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work experience			
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	4,815	Bachelor's degree			
Teachers and Instructors, All Other	4,657	Bachelor's degree			
Personal Financial Advisors	4,464	Bachelor's degree			

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